# Getting the Most Out of Resilience Hubs

**CESA 2024** 







We design and implement programs that reduce costs, protect people and the environment, and ensure the benefits of clean and efficient energy use reach those who need them most.

#### Who We Are

- Nonprofit founded in 2000
- 250+ employees
- 8 offices
- Local programs with national impact
- National policy and research
- Energy Planning & Consulting
- Funded through government, utility contracts, and philanthropy



### **Our Key Areas of Work**

#### **Some of Our Programs**

- Solar, Storage, & Resilience
- Electrification
- Energy Efficiency
- Water Efficiency
- Naturally Occurring Affordable Housing Retrofit
- Time of Use & Dynamic Pricing
- Health and Safety
- Workforce Development

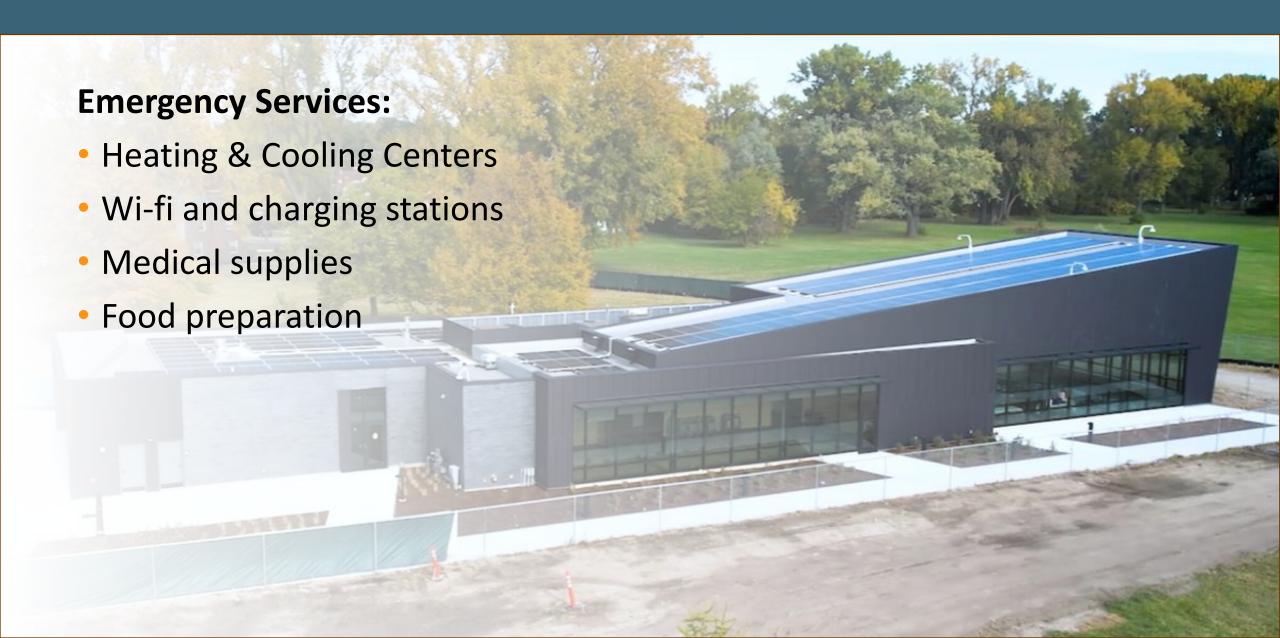
#### Who We Serve:

- Low- and Moderate-income Communities
- Government and Public Sector
- Environmental Justice Communities
- Affordable Housing Owners and Developers
- BIPOC tradespeople

### What is a Resilience Hub?



### What is a Resilience Hub?



### A Wider View of Resilience Hub Planning

The services you offer and where you offer them makes a difference.



### A Wider View of Resilience Hub Planning

# Community Planning

- Community resilience planning
- Identifying organizations and facilities
- Workforce development

# Service Planning

- Leveraging Services
- Emergency planning
- Critical load planning

# Infrastructure Planning

- Energy audits
- System design
- Construction & capitalization

## Leveraging Resilience

- Networking resilience hubs
- Organizational Planning

### **Community Planning**

Community Resilience Planning

- Communities define resilience
- Localized disruptions impact service and infrastructure needs
- Leverage local skills and service needs

Identifying Sites

- Community trust and service offerings may be more important than ideal infrastructure
- There are many stages of resilience and resilience planning

Workforce Development

- Disinvested communities often have disinvested local clean energy contractor markets
- Individuals and contractor organizations need support

### **Service Planning**

### Leveraging Services

- Service offerings across multiple organizations can be leveraged
- Municipal agencies can delegate services thru organizations

### **Emergency Planning**

- Government agencies and emergency planners can leverage the strength of resilience hub networks
- Emergency planning agencies can move resources and information through hub networks during disruptions

## Critical Load Planning

- Leveraging services and emergency planning should inform critical load planning
- Community resilience definitions should inform critical load planning

### **Infrastructure Planning**

**Energy Audits** 

- Identify end of life energy equipment, as well as differed maintenance, roofing, electrical, and structural issues
- Energy efficiency should be prioritized to minimize solar and storage needs.

**System Design** 

- Maximize solar to electrical loads to optimize batteries and reduce energy costs
- Resilience duration and budgeting must be balanced. But investment payback is difficult when prioritizing resilience

Construction and Capitalization

- Fundraising and fundraising assistance is often required
- Technical assistance is often needed through construction
- Even 100% funded projects need a capitalization place

### **Leveraging Resilience**

Networking Resilience Hubs

- Resilience grows exponentially when organizations network to plan and share services
- Government agencies and emergency planners benefit when frontline organizations are coordinated for resilience

Organizational Planning

- A self-governing structure needs to be created for resilience organizations
- Long term funding for organizational management is a winning investment for communities and planners

#### Thank You!



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